TraKine™ Pro Live-cell Tubulin-traker kit (Green Fluorescence)

Cat #: KTC4100 Size: 50 T/250 T

[-]	Live-cell Tubulin-traker kit (Green Fluorescence)		
REF	Cat #: KTC4100	LOT	Lot #: refer to product label
	Maximum Ex/Em: 500/520 nm		Color: Green
	Applicable samples: Mammalian Live Cells (U-2 OS, COS-7, Hela and MDA-MB-231 cell lines have been tested)		
Å	Storage: Store at -20°C for 12 months, protected from light		

Assay Principle

Tubulin Green is a fluorescent probe with green fluorescence that can specifically label microtube in living mammalian cells. It has strong water solubility and pH stability; its maximum excitation wavelength is 500 nm, and its maximum emission wavelength is 520 nm (see Figure 1 for details and excitation/emission spectra). The fluorescence performance of Tubulin Green-labeled microtube compared with the commercially available Tubulin tracker-Green: The comparison of imaging results of HiS-SIM super-resolution microscope and Spining disk confocal microscope with the same shooting parameters shows that Tubulin Green has excellent labeling effect and resists bleaching ability.

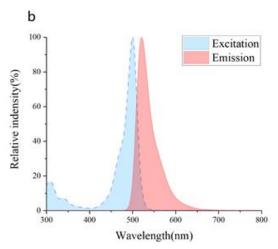


Figure 1. Tubulin Green Maximum 500/520 nm

Materials Supplied and Storage Conditions

Vit components	S	Storogo conditions		
Kit components	50 T	250 T	Storage conditions	
Tubulin Green (200 μM)	140 µL	650 µL	-20°C, protected from light	



Buffer B (1 mM)	L 520 μL	-20°C	
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Materials Required but Not Supplied

- · Super-resolution microscopy, Laser Scanning Confocal Microscopy
- · PCR tubes, Precision pipettes, disposable pipette tips
- · Glass Bottom Dishes or transparent flat bottom orifice plate
- · Cell culture media with 10% and 0% FBS
- Phosphate-buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4

Reagent Preparation

Tubulin Green: Ready to use as supplied. Stored at -20°C and protected from light after aliquoting.

Buffer B: Ready to use as supplied. Stored at -20°C after aliquoting.

Assay Procedure

A Tubulin Green Staining Solution:

For 24 or 48 well plates, the amount of Tubulin Green incubation solution required per well is 200 μ L and 100 μ L, respectively; The amount of Tubulin Green incubation solution required for 15 mm and 20 mm confocal imaging dishes was 100 μ L and 200 μ L, respectively. The preparation method of 100 μ L incubation solution is as follows: add 5 μ L Tubulin Green (10 μ M) and 3 μ L Buffer B (30 μ M) in 91 μ L Cell culture media with 0% FBS in PCR tube, pipet up and down to mix thoroughly. (Other volumes of incubation solution can be prepared in accordance with this ratio).

Note: Cell culture media with 0% FBS is required for Staining solution preparation; Cells should be completely covered by incubation solution when staining. In addition, Tubulin Green working concentration is 10 μ M; The working concentration of Buffer B is 30-40 μ M; Users can adjust the amount of incubation solution according to the specific situation.

B Tubulin Green incubation conditions

- 1. Cells were seeded on glass bottom dishes at a density of 8×10⁴ cells per dish in growth medium. After 30-48 h incubation, the cells were 70-90% confluent.
- 2. Prepare the Tubulin Green Staining Solution required in PCR tubes Refer to step A.
- 3. Discard the culture media, wash your dishes with PBS once, and then wash with Cell culture media with 0% FBS once.
- 4. Discard Cell culture media with 0% FBS, quickly dropwise Tubulin Green Staining Solution onto the glass bottom, Incubate the cells in a 5% CO₂ atmosphere at 37°C for 1 h.
- 5. Remove the staining solution, PBS wash with 2-3 times, then add Cell culture media with 0% FBS, incubate the cells in a 5% CO_2 atmosphere at 37°C for 15 min.
- 6. Remove the Cell culture media, PBS wash with 2-3 times, then add Cell culture media with 10% FBS, incubate the cells in a 5% CO₂ atmosphere at 37°C for 15 min.
- 7. Remove the Cell culture media, PBS wash with 2-3 times, then add Cell culture media with 10% FBS, Finally, Image cells by microscope.

Precautions

- 1. To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between sample additions, and between reagent additions.
- 2. Make sure the pipette tips and PCR tubes were sterilized at high temperature and pressure. Do all experiments in a sterile environment and avoid light as much as possible.
- 3. Fluorescence quenching occurs in all fluorescent dyes. Please image as soon as possible after incubation and rinsing.
- 4. Incubation and rinsing time are the most suitable time after the test, in order to ensure the marking effect, do not change.



Typical Data

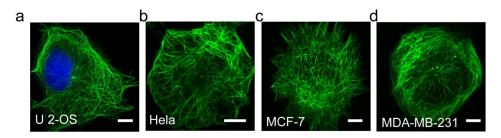


Figure 2. Markers of Tubulin -green in U-2 OS (a), Hela (b), MCF-7 (c), and MDA-MB-231 (d) cell lines. Scale bars: 5 μM.

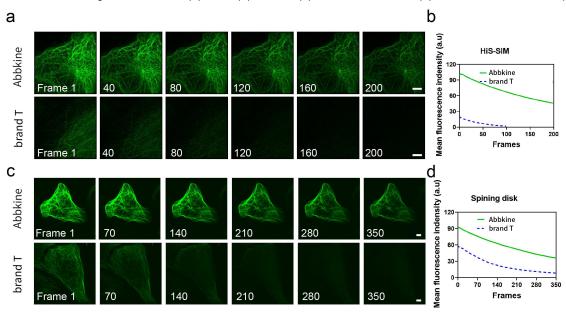


Figure 3. Long time series images (a, c) and corresponding fluorescence bleaching curves (b, d) were obtained by using HiS SIM super-resolution and Spining disk confocal microscopy of Tubulin Green and commercially available Tubulin Tracker Green on U-2 OS cells, respectively. Scale bars: $5 \mu M$.

Recommended Products

Catalog No.	Product Name
KTC4200	TraKine™ Pro Live-cell Lyso-traker kit (Green Fluorescence)
KTC4210	TraKine™ Pro Live-cell Lyso-traker kit (Red Fluorescence)
KTC4110	TraKine™ Pro Live-cell Tubulin-traker kit (Red Fluorescence)

Disclaimer

The reagent is only used in the field of scientific research, not suitable for clinical diagnosis or other purposes.

